

## ULCT SUCCESSFUL LEGISLATIVE IDEAS

Whether you are transitioning out of office or starting a new term in January, ULCT staff thanks you for your participation in the League during your time as a municipal official. The following is a non-exhaustive list of ideas that our members have brought forward in the last four years that the League has turned into state law. Thanks for your involvement in LPC and your municipal service! If your city is working on a bill or have an idea for bill, please let League Staff know.

Revenue	Land Use	General Government & Public Safety
"5 <sup>th</sup> 5 <sup>th</sup> " sales tax: Increased from 0% for cities to 25% for cities	Subdivisions: 1) Required builders to address subdivision redlines before advancing in city reviews; 2) Added more days for city review of infrastructure plans if a builder doesn't meet the 20-day time frame; 3) Technical assistance appropriation for changes	LAA: Created the Local Administrative Advisor program to boost administrative capacity in Utah's small cities and towns
"4 <sup>th</sup> quarter" local option sales tax: Secondary imposition language to spur counties to impose promptly		Open and Public Meetings Act (OPMA): Allowed cities to hold remote meetings and still satisfy OPMA
TUF: Preserved the Transportation Utility Fee after litigation		
Homelessness mitigation: \$0 of state money to \$8M+ state dollars	Plan review: Added more days for city to review if builders don't respond promptly or don't submit a complete application	Love, Listen, Lead Task Force: Addressed officers who leave a city without their investigators getting completed; added training requirements
Outdoor Rec: Broadened the scope of state Outdoor Recreation grants to include community parks (98 applications in the first year alone)		
Motor fuel tax: Included cities as full partners in the revenue share from the road usage charge and increased the overall cap	MIHP: Clarified that cities can zone for density bonuses in exchange for affordable home ownership	Garrity: Made Garrity interviews and records protected under the Government Records Access and Management Act (GRAMA)
Federal funds: \$50M in state ARPA dollars for a local match fund	Station Area Plan approach: Preserved local flexibility with technical assistance dollars for plan creation	
Federal funds: Ensured that Utah was one of only 9 states to share the entire CARES Act portion with cities and towns	HTRZs: Created a city-initiated tax increment tool to finance infrastructure near transit stops	
Water: \$200M+ for secondary water meter installation	Zoning maps: Secured technical assistance money for GIS mapping	
Sales tax for emergency medical services (EMS): Created local option to support rural communities	Quasi-judicial actions and public hearings: Removed the requirement to hold a public hearing for quasi-judicial appeals and variances	
Transient room tax (TRT): Created spots for some cities on county tourism advisory boards and authorized counties to enter into interlocal agreements with cities to spend county TRT revenue		
Sales tax for rural hospital: Preserved local option for rural communities		